



DATA SHEET

CO₂ST-S



CO₂ Stats
CO₂ detector



Range from 0 to 5000 ppm



Visual and audible alarm, red led in front

Features

- RCR relay output 3A/240 Vac (NC), power supply 24 Vac/Vdc
- ABS V0 IP20 housing
- "¼ turn" system mounting with wall-mount plate
- Housing with simplified mounting system

Measured parameter

Parameter	Accuracy*	Measuring range	Resolution
CO ₂	±3% of reading ±50 ppm	From 0 to 5000 ppm	1 ppm

Technical specifications

Output	1 RCR relay. NO (normally opened): 5A / NC (normally closed): 3A / 240 Vac. Common mode voltage <30 Vac
Power supply	24 Vac/Vdc ±10%
Consumption	3 VA
Relay and alarm status	Red led in front and internal buzzer (70 dB at 10 cm)
Electrical connection	2014/30/EU EMC; 2014/35/EU Low Voltage; 2011/65/EU RoHS II; 2012/19/EU WEEE
Raccordement électrique	Terminal block for cables Ø0.05 to 2.5 mm ² . Carried out according to the code of good practice
PC communication	USB-mini Din cable
Environment	Air and neutral gases

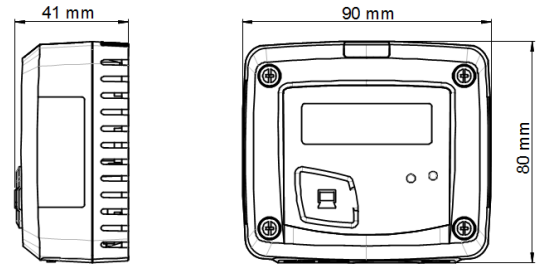
*All the accuracies indicated in this technical datasheet were stated in laboratory conditions, and can be guaranteed for measurements carried out in the same conditions, or carried out with calibration compensation.

General features

Unit of measurement	ppm
Type of sensor	Infra-red sensor
Response time	$T_{63} = 30$ s
Type of fluid	Air and neutral gases
Conditions of use (°C/%RH/m)	From 0 to +50°C. In non-condensing condition. From 0 to 2000 m.
Storage temperature	From -10 to +70°C

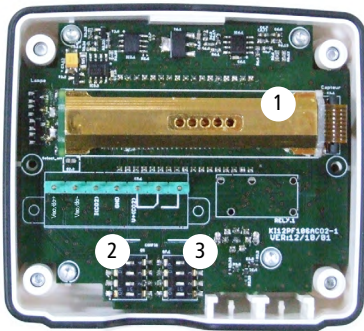
Features of the housing

Material	ABS V0 as per UL94
Protection	IP20
Display	LCD 10 digits. Dimensions: 50 x 17 mm Height of digits: Values: 10 mm; Units: 5 mm
Weight	138 g



Connections

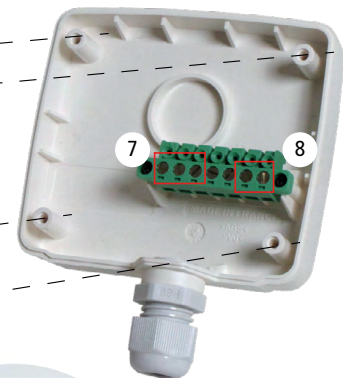
Inside the front housing



Removable front face



Fixed back housing



- | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Infra-red sensor | 5. Alarm led |
| 2. Inactive switch | 6. Button for settings |
| 3. Active switch | 7. Relay terminal block |
| 4. LCC-S software connection | 8. Power supply terminal block |

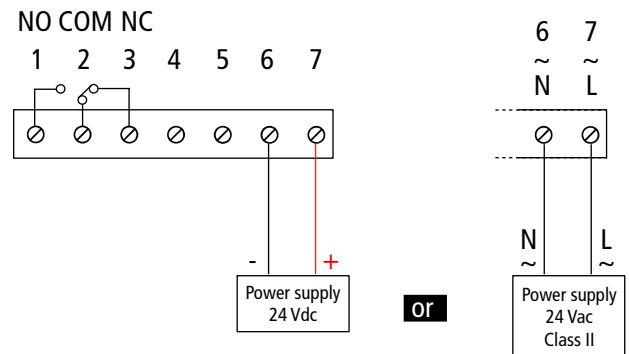


Electrical connections as per NFC15-100 standard




This connection must be made by a qualified and trained technician. To make the connection, the transmitter must not be energized.

NO: normally opened
COM: common
NC: normally closed



Settings and use of the transmitter

• Thresholds configuration

The button  allows to activate or not an alarm (threshold), to set the action of the alarm (edge), to set the threshold(s) value, to set the time-delay and to acknowledge the alarm.

Working principle:

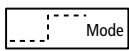
- By pressing on the button more than 3 seconds, you can validate the setting and go to the next setting.
- By pressing quickly on the button, you can increment a value and scroll down the different option or values.

- **Activate or deactivate an alarm**

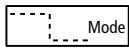
- Press the button for 3 seconds, "CONF" is displayed then "NEG", meaning that the relay is in negative security, it is excited during an alarm condition.
- If needed, press quickly on the button to switch the relay in positive security, the relay is de-energized during an alarm condition or a current breaking, "POS" is displayed.
- Press 3 s on the button, "Buzz" screen is displayed with "ON" or "OFF" blinking. Briefly press on the button to activate ("ON") or deactivate ("OFF") (according to the last saved configuration) the buzzer during an alarm condition.
- Press 3 s the button, "Alarm" screen is displayed with "On" or "Off" blinking (according to the last saved configuration).
- Press quickly on the button, the display changes from "On" (activated alarm) to "Off" (deactivated alarm).
- Press 3 s the button to confirm the setting. If the alarm is deactivated, the instrument displays the measurement; if the alarm is activated, the instrument displays the following setting.

- **Set the action of the alarm (rising edge or falling edge)**

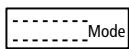
The edge determines the action of the alarm according to the trespassing direction of the threshold(s).



Rising edge (1 threshold): the alarm goes off when the measurement exceeds the threshold and stops when it is below the threshold.

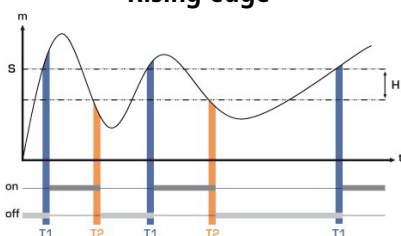


Falling edge (1 threshold): the alarm goes off when the measurement is below the threshold and stops when it exceeds the threshold.



Monitoring (2 thresholds): the alarm goes off when the measurement is outside the defined low and high thresholds.

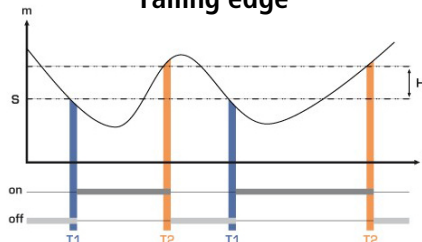
Rising edge



Measurement (m) > Threshold (S) during the time-delay T1: Alarm activation.

Measurement (m) < Threshold (S) - Hysteresis (H) during the time-delay T2: Alarm deactivation.

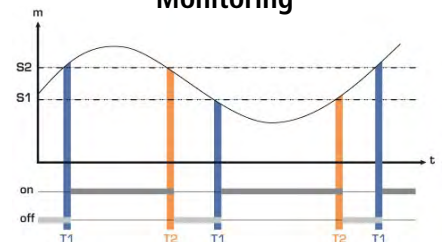
Falling edge



Measurement (m) < Threshold (S) during the time-delay T1: Alarm activation.

Measurement (m) > Threshold (S) + Hysteresis (H) during time-delay T2: Alarm deactivation.

Monitoring



The alarm goes off when the measurement is outside the low and high thresholds.

- Press briefly on the button to select the trespassing direction then press the button more than 3 seconds to validate this direction and set the thresholds.

- **Set the threshold(s) value**

The first digit blinks, it corresponds to the positive (0) or negative (-) setting of the threshold value. Press briefly on the button to select the sign for the threshold value. Press on the button more than 3 seconds to validate.

The second digit blinks, press briefly on the button to scroll the numbers. Press the button more than 3 seconds to validate.

Repeat the process until the last digit to configure the threshold value, validate the threshold and go to the following setting.

If the monitoring edge has been selected, the transmitter displays the setting of the second threshold.

- **Set the hysteresis**

The hysteresis is only for the rising edge and the falling edge modes.

In rising edge mode, the hysteresis allows to the transmitter to stay in alarm when the measurement is between the threshold and the threshold minus the hysteresis.

Ex: for a 1000 ppm threshold and a 100 ppm hysteresis, the instrument will stay in alarm when the measurement will be between 1000 and 900 ppm.

In falling edge mode, the hysteresis allows to the transmitter to stay in alarm when the measurement is between the threshold and the threshold plus the hysteresis.

Ex: for a 1000 ppm threshold and a 100 ppm hysteresis, the instrument will stay in alarm when the measurement will be between 1000 and 1100 ppm.

The first digit blinks, set it pressing the button briefly several times then press on the button more than 3 seconds to set the following digit..

Once the hysteresis is set, press the button more than 3 seconds to validate and set the time-delays.

- **Set the time-delay 1 and the time-delay 2 (600 seconds maximum)**

- In rising edge mode, the time-delay 1 corresponds to the time lag before the alarm goes off when the threshold has been reached. The time-delay 2, corresponds to the time lag before the alarm stops when the measurement is lower than the threshold minus the hysteresis.

